



FY 2023(a) Missouri Department of Public Safety Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) for State Prisoners Program Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO)

Grant Issued By:

U.S Department of Justice (DOJ)

Grant Issued Through:

BJA Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) for State Prisoners Program

Assistance Listing:

16.593

Funding Opportunity Title:

FY 2023(a) Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT)

Introduction:

The RSAT Program assists states and local governments in the development and implementation of substance use disorder treatment programs in state, local, and tribal correctional and detention facilities. The RSAT Program seeks to increase access to evidence-based prevention and treatment, reduce overdose deaths, and support increased access to evidence-based substance use disorder treatment and recovery support services. The Missouri Department of Public Safety would ensure this goal is met by awarding federal funding to units of government providing residential substance abuse treatment for incarcerated inmates, preparing offenders for reintegration into communities, and assisting individuals and communities through the reentry process by delivering community-based treatment and other broad-band aftercare services.

Period of Performance: 18 months

Projected Period of Performance Start Date: January 1, 2026

Projected Period of Performance End Date: June 30, 2027

Objectives:

- Enhance the capabilities of state, local, or tribal governments to initiate or continue evidence-based substance use disorder (SUD) or co-occurring substance use and mental health disorder treatment programs in the nation's prisons and jails.
- Increase the number of prisons and jails offering medication assisted treatment (MAT) to incarcerated individuals with opioid use disorder (OUD).
- Prepare individuals for reintegration into communities, including supporting continuity of treatment for OUD treatment and recovery supports prior to release.
- Assist individuals and communities through the reentry process by delivering community-based treatment, recovery, and other broad-based aftercare services to support successful reentry and continuity of care.

Eligible Applicants: Missouri state or local units of government

DPS GRANTS STATE REQUIREMENTS

To be eligible for grant funding through the Missouri Department of Public Safety (DPS), agencies must be compliant with the requirements listed below (as applicable) at the time of application and if awarded funding, must maintain compliance throughout the grant period of performance.

LAW ENFORCEMENT REQUIREMENTS

These requirements below apply only to law enforcement agencies.

Each law enforcement agency shall certify compliance with these requirements below when applying for grants administered by the DPS.

Section 590.650 RSMo Vehicle Stops Report

Pursuant to [Section 590.650.3 RSMo](#), each law enforcement agency shall compile the data described in subsection 2 for the calendar year into a report to the attorney general and each law enforcement agency shall submit the report to the attorney general no later than March first of the following calendar year.

***NOTE:** Failure to submit the Vehicle Stops (Racial Profiling) Report will result in the automatic denial of the application.*

Section 590.700 RSMo Written Policy on Recording of Custodial Interrogations

Pursuant to [Section 590.700.4 RSMo](#), each law enforcement agency shall adopt a written policy to record custodial interrogations of persons suspected of committing or attempting to commit felony crimes as outlined in subsection 2.

Section 43.544 RSMo Written Policy on Forwarding Intoxication Related Traffic Offenses Pursuant to [Section 43.544.1 RSMo](#), each law enforcement agency shall adopt a policy requiring arrest information for all intoxication-related traffic offenses be forwarded to the central repository as required by [Section 43.503 RSMo](#).

Section 590.1265 RSMo Police Use of Force Transparency Act of 2021

Pursuant to [Section 590.1265 RSMo](#), each law enforcement agency shall report data submitted under subsection 3 of this section to the department of public safety.

For purposes of grant eligibility, law enforcement agencies will be considered non-compliant if they have not submitted Use of Force reports for three or more months in the previous 12 months.

***NOTE:** Show Me Crime Reporting provides a no cost option for agencies to comply with Section 590.1265 RSMo. Agencies not currently compliant with Section 590.1265 RSMo will not be eligible to apply until they have registered with Show Me Crime Reporting and have begun submitting Use of Force reports.*

<https://showmecrime.mo.gov/CrimeReporting/ForcePage.html>

Section 43.505 RSMo Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR)

Pursuant to [Section RSMo 43.505.3](#), each law enforcement agency in the state shall: (1) Submit crime incident reports to the department of public safety on forms or in the format prescribed by the department; and (2) Submit any other crime incident information which may be required by the department of public safety.

Agencies not compliant at the time of application will be ineligible for funding.

For purposes of grant eligibility, law enforcement agencies will be considered non-compliant if they have not submitted MIBRS reports for three or more months in the previous 12 months.

***NOTE:** Show Me Crime Reporting provides a no cost option for agencies to comply with Section 43.505 RSMo. Agencies not currently compliant with Section 43.505 RSMo will not be eligible to apply until they have registered with Show Me Crime Reporting and have begun submitting MIBRS reports.*

<https://showmecrime.mo.gov/CrimeReporting/MIBRSRegistration.html>

Section 590.030 RSMo Rap Back Program Participation

Pursuant to [Section 590.030 RSMo](#), all law enforcement agencies shall enroll in the state and federal Rap Back programs on or before January 1, 2022 and continue to remain enrolled. The law enforcement agency shall take all necessary steps to maintain officer enrollment for all officers commissioned with that agency in the Rap Back programs. An officer shall submit to being fingerprinted at any law enforcement agency upon commissioning and for as long as the officer is commissioned with that agency.

Ineligible Applicants: Nonprofit and for-profit organizations

Eligible Programs (Residential or Jail-based):

The RSAT Program requirements to support and implement a residential program, which engages inmates for a period of between 6 and 12 months, and a jail-based program, which engages inmates for at least 3 months, are to:

- Require urinalysis and/or other proven reliable forms of drug and alcohol testing for program participants, including both periodic and random testing, and for former participants while they remain in the custody of the state or local government.
- Provide residential treatment facilities set apart—in a separate facility or dedicated housing unit in a facility exclusively for use by RSAT participants—from the general correctional population.
- Ensure that individuals who participate in the BJA-funded substance abuse treatment program will be provided with aftercare services when they leave incarceration.
- Aftercare services must involve coordination of the correctional facility treatment program with other human service and rehabilitation programs such as educational and job training programs, parole supervision programs, half-way house programs, and participation in self-help and peer group programs that may aid in the rehabilitation of individuals in the substance abuse treatment program.
- Coordinate with the federal assistance for substance abuse treatment and aftercare services currently provided by the Department of Health and Human Services' Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA).

Whenever possible, RSAT residential program participation should be limited to inmates with 6 to 12 months remaining in their confinement.

Aftercare Services:

Aftercare services must involve coordination between the correctional treatment program and other social service and rehabilitation programs, such as education and job training, parole supervision, halfway houses, self-help, and peer group programs.

Per 34 U.S.C. 10422(c), to be eligible for funding under the RSAT Program, an agency shall ensure that individuals who participate in the substance abuse treatment program with assistance provided under this program be provided with aftercare services. These services must involve coordination between the correctional treatment program and other social service and rehabilitation programs such as education and job training, parole supervision, halfway house, self-help, and peer group programs. To qualify as an aftercare program, the head of the substance abuse treatment program must work in conjunction with state and local authorities and organizations involved in substance abuse treatment to place program participants into community substance abuse treatment facilities upon their release. In addition, states should coordinate these activities with any SAMHSA-funded state and/or local programs that address the needs of this target population. A state may use amounts received for community reintegration if the chief executive officer of the state certifies that the state is providing, and will continue to provide, an adequate level of residential treatment services.

Evidence-Based Programs or Practices:

The Office of Justice Programs (OJP) emphasizes the use of data and evidence in policymaking and program development in criminal justice, juvenile justice, and crime victim services. OJP is committed to:

- Improving the quantity and quality of evidence OJP generates
- Integrating evidence into program, practice, and policy decisions within OJP and the field
- Improving the translation of evidence into practice

The OJP considers programs and practices to be evidence-based when their effectiveness has been demonstrated by causal evidence, generally obtained through one or more outcome evaluations. Causal evidence documents a relationship between an activity or intervention (including technology) and its intended outcome, including measuring the direction and size of a change, and the extent to which a change may be attributed to the activity or intervention. Causal evidence depends on the use of scientific methods to rule out, to the extent possible, alternative explanations for the documented change. The strength of causal evidence, based on the factors described above, will influence the degree to which OJP considers a program or practice to be evidence-based.

The OJP CrimeSolutions.gov website at <https://www.crimesolutions.gov/> is one resource that applicants may use to find information about evidence-based programs in criminal justice, juvenile justice, and crime victim services.

Applicants are required to provide substance abuse treatment practices and services that have a demonstrated evidence base and that are appropriate for the target population. Applicants should identify the evidence-based practice being proposed for implementation, identify and discuss the evidence that shows that the practice is effective, discuss the population(s) for which this practice has been shown to be effective, and show that it is appropriate for the proposed target population. Applicants can find information on evidence-based treatment practices in the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) Resource Center available at <https://www.samhsa.gov/ebp-resource-center>.

Allowable Items:

- Personnel
- Personnel Benefits
- Personnel Overtime
- Personnel Overtime Benefits
- Travel/Training
- Equipment
- Supplies/Operations
- Contractual

Unallowable Items:

Unallowable items and activities include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Aircraft
- Bonuses or Commissions
- Compensation and Travel of Federal Employees
- Construction/Renovation Projects
- Consultant Rates exceeding \$650

NOTE: Consultant services cannot exceed a rate of \$650 (excluding travel and subsistence costs) for an 8-hour day, or \$81.25/hour. An 8-hour day may include preparation, evaluation, and travel time. Compensation for individual consultant services is to be reasonable and consistent with that paid for similar services in the marketplace.

- Daily subsistence within official domicile
- Entertainment expenses and bar charges
- Finance fees for delinquent payments
- First class travel
- Indirect costs (without a federally approved indirect cost rate or for an applicant eligible for the “De Minimis” indirect cost rate described in the Part 200 Uniform Requirements, as set out at 2 C.F.R. 200.414(f))
- Land acquisition
- Lobbying or fundraising
- Military-type equipment
- Personal incentives for employment
- Pre-paid gas/phone cards
- Vehicles
- Vessels/boats
- Weapons and ammunition

Local Match Requirement:

Federal funds awarded under this program may not cover more than 75% of the total costs of the project being funded. Therefore, applicants must provide a minimum of 25% of the total project cost in the form of cash or in-kind services.

- **Cash Match:** includes cash spent for project-related costs. Allowable cash match must include those costs, which are allowable with federal funds.
- **In-Kind Match:** includes, but not limited to, the valuation of in-kind services. “In-kind” is the value of something received or provided that does not have a cost associated with it. For example, the value of donated services could be used to comply with the match requirement. In addition, third party in-kind contributions may count toward satisfying match requirements provided the grantee receiving the contributions expend them as allowable costs.

***NOTE:** Matching funds need not be applied at the exact time or in proportion to the obligation of the federal funds. However, the full-required matching share percentage must be obligated by the end of the period for which the federal funds have been made available.*

Supplanting:

Federal funds must be used to supplement existing funds for program activities and cannot replace, or supplant, nonfederal funds that have been appropriated for the same purpose.

Application and Submission Information:

Key Dates and Times

- **Application Start Date:** November 6, 2025
- **Application Submission Deadline:** December 1, 2025, at 5:00 p.m. CST

Agreeing to Terms and Conditions of the Award

- By submitting an application, applicants agree to comply with the requirements of this NOFO and the terms and conditions of the award, should they receive an award.
- Applications must be submitted through the [Missouri Department of Public Safety's WebGrants System](#).

Additional information and resources can be located on the Missouri Department of Public Safety's website at [Department of Public Safety DPS Grants](#)

As part of the FY 2023(a) RSAT application, each eligible applicant must complete all application forms and provide all required documents:

1. Contact Information Form
2. DPS Grants State Requirements
3. Project Form RSAT
4. Budget
5. Named Attachments

Department of Public Safety Contacts:

Grant Specialist – Elizabeth Leuckel
(573) 751-1318
Elizabeth.Leuckel@dps.mo.gov

Grant Program Supervisor – Chelsey Call
(573) 526-9203
Chelsey.Call@dps.mo.gov

Program Manager – Joni McCarter
(573) 526-9020
Joni.McCarter@dps.mo.gov